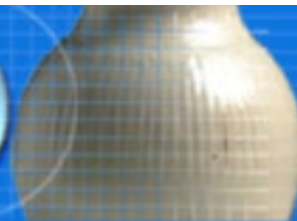




ARCO



Augmented Representation of Cultural Objects

The ARCO Project

Fabrizio Giorgini (GIUNTI)

Martin White (UoS)

James Stevenson (VAM)

Patrick Sayd (CEA-LIST)

Krzysztof Walczak (PUE)

Manjula Patel (UKOLN)

John Manley (Sussex Past)



Contents

- The ARCO RTD Project
- Goals
- System Components
 - Object Modeller
 - Interactive Model Refinement and Rendering Tool
 - Object Relation Database
 - Content Management Application
- Metadata schema
- XML data exchange
- Visualization
- Conclusions



The ARCO RTD Project

- ARCO started in October 2001 as a three year RTD project
- Co-funded by the EC under the 5FP (IST)
 - Total investment is 2.8M Euro. 2.05M Euro from the EC
- Seven partners including two museum pilot sites from 4 European countries
 - United Kingdom: *University of Sussex, Victoria and Albert Museum, Sussex Archaeological Society, UKOLN at the University of Bath*
 - France: *Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique*
 - Poland: *Poznan University of Economics*
 - Italy: *GIUNTI Publishing Group*

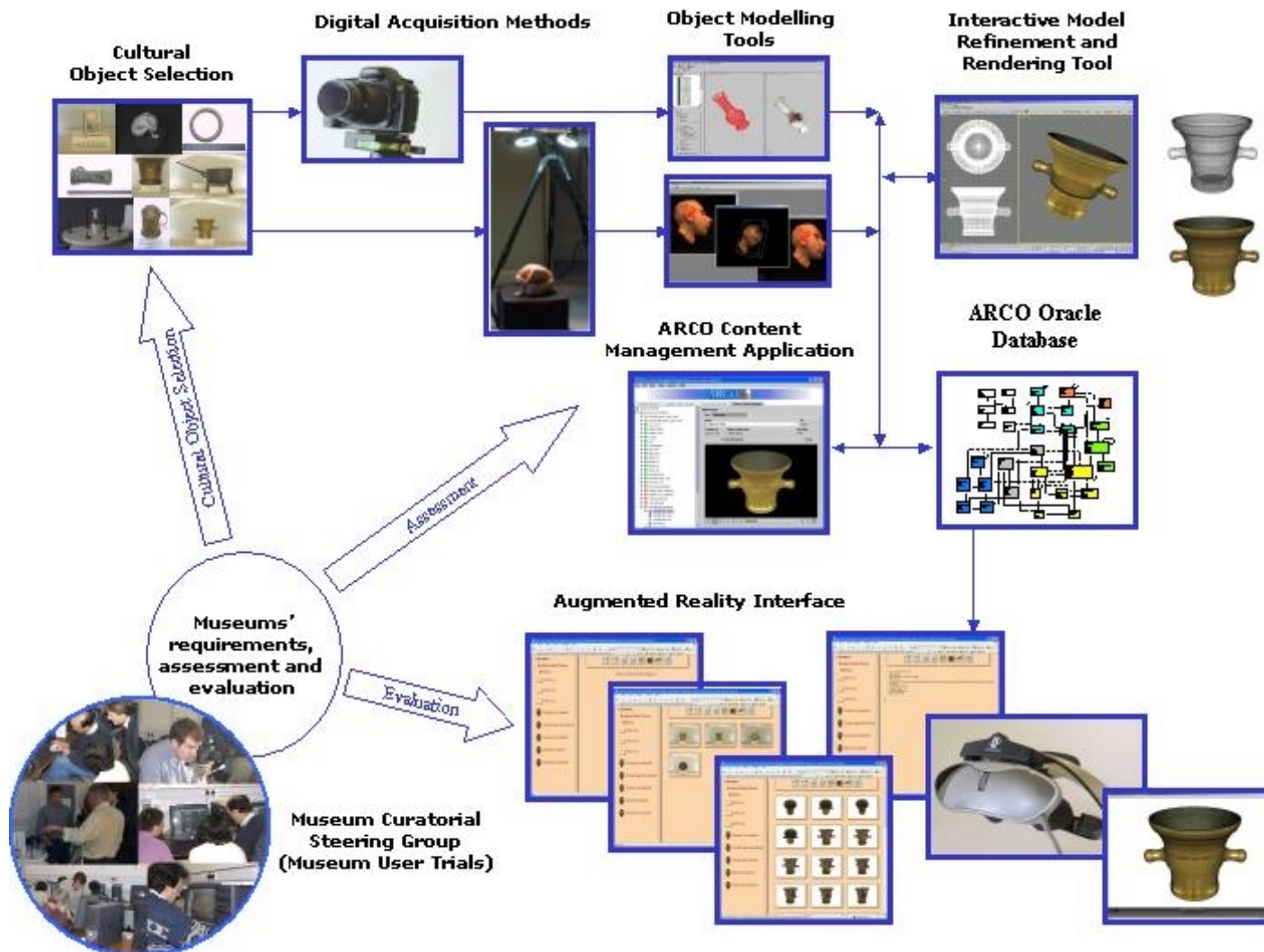


Goals of the ARCO Project

- The ARCO aim is to develop innovative technology and expertise to help museums **Create, Manipulate, Manage** and **Present** cultural objects in virtual exhibitions both inside and outside museums
- How? By building a set of tools and processes from digitisation to visualisation:
 - **Digitise Artefacts using Photogrammetry, 3D Modelling and Refinement, Database and Content management, Visualisation in a Virtual or Augmented Reality Environment**
 - **Interoperability**, i.e. an Open Architecture
 - XML Data Exchange between tools and other systems
 - Metadata Element Set based on Standards
- Why?
 - To allow museums to create virtual museums and galleries
 - Visitors can virtually interact with archived multimedia collections



ARCO Prototype Systems and Components



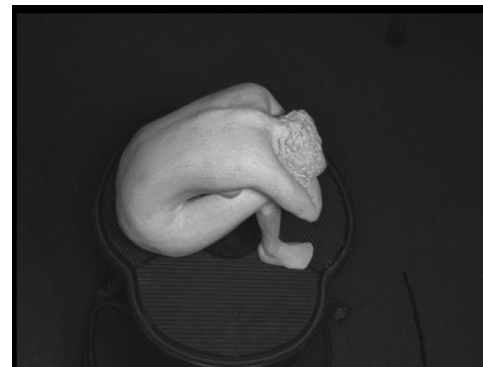
Create: Digitise Artefacts using Photogrammetry

- But first we need to select Museum Objects for 3D Modelling
- Objects selected by museum curator for model creation
- Method of modelling depends on features of the objects
 - Objects with *simple geometry* modelled with modified 3ds max or Maya
 - Objects with *complex geometry* modelled with:
 - Photogrammetry
 - Mechanical digitisers
 - Lasers

Simple Objects

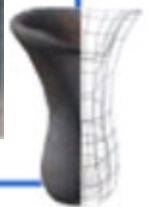
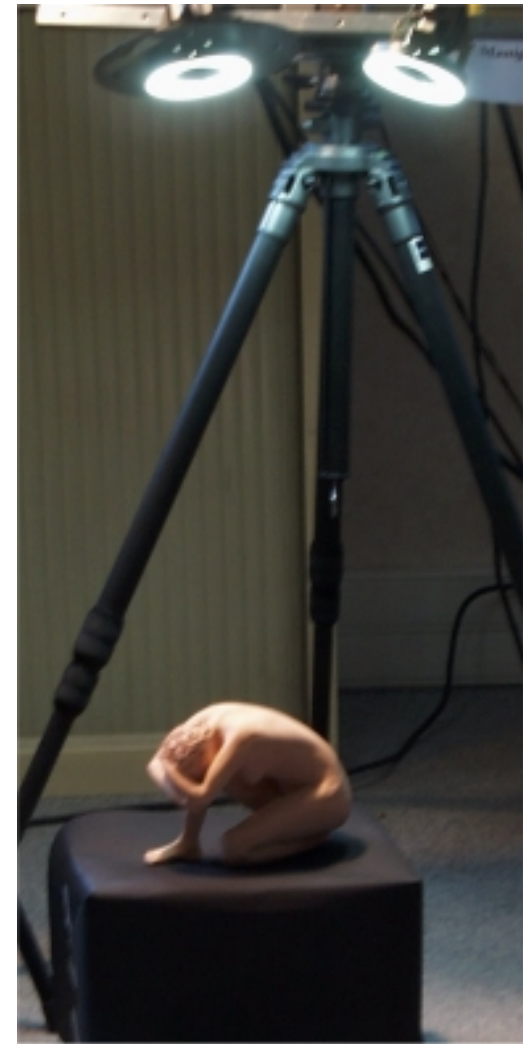
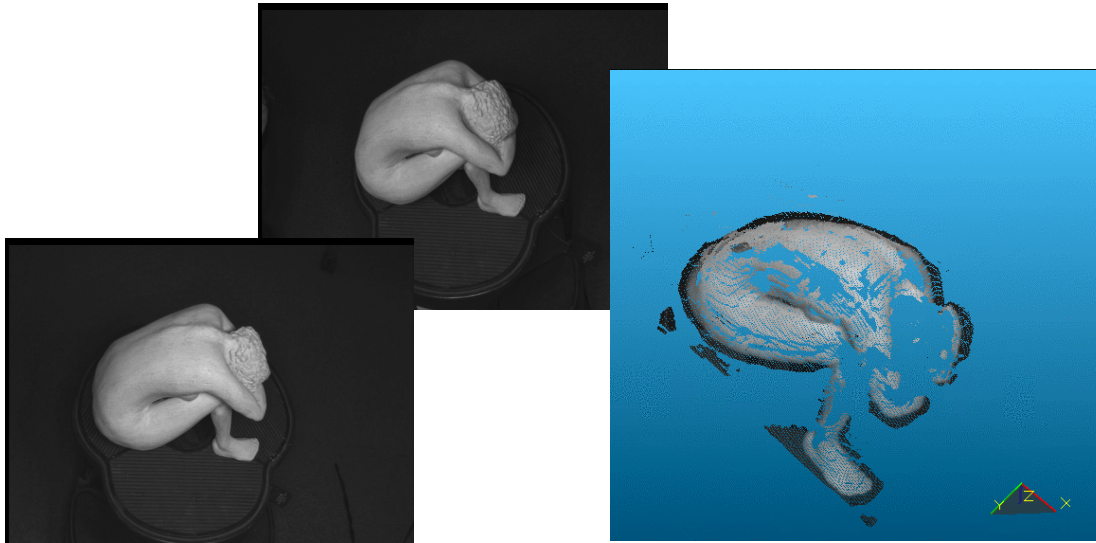


Complex Object



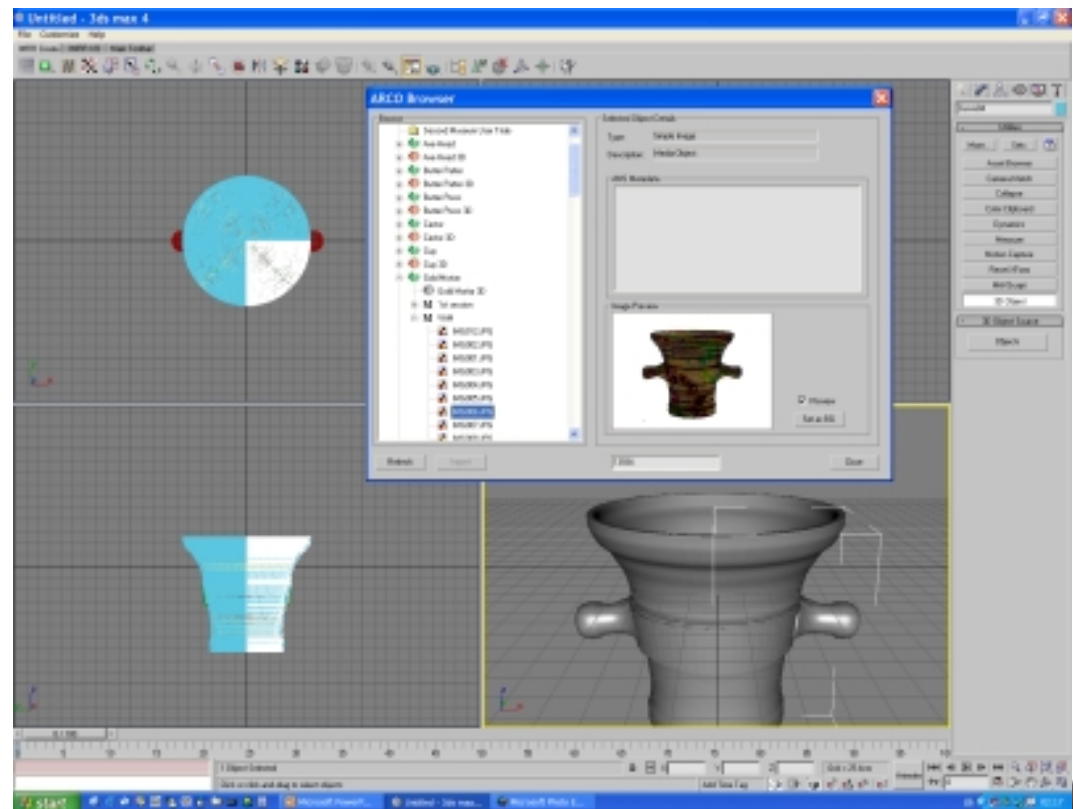
Create: Digitise Artefacts with the Object Modeller

- For complex models ARCO is developing a stereo digital camera system:
 - Easy to use and portable in order to model artefacts with accuracy, completeness, texture
 - How? Several sequences of digital stereo pictures from which museum object geometry and textures are extracted and merged to produce a 3D textured model



Manipulate: 3D Modelling and Refinement

- Interactive Model Refinement and Rendering Tool
- A tool for refining digitised models and for creating simple models
- Key Features
 - Simple Interfaces
 - Refinement
 - Creation
 - Database Browser Plug-in
- Future Plug-in Extensions
 - XML Data Exchange
 - Roland Picza Laser Scanner (£7.5K)
 - MicroScribe GX2 (£2.5K)



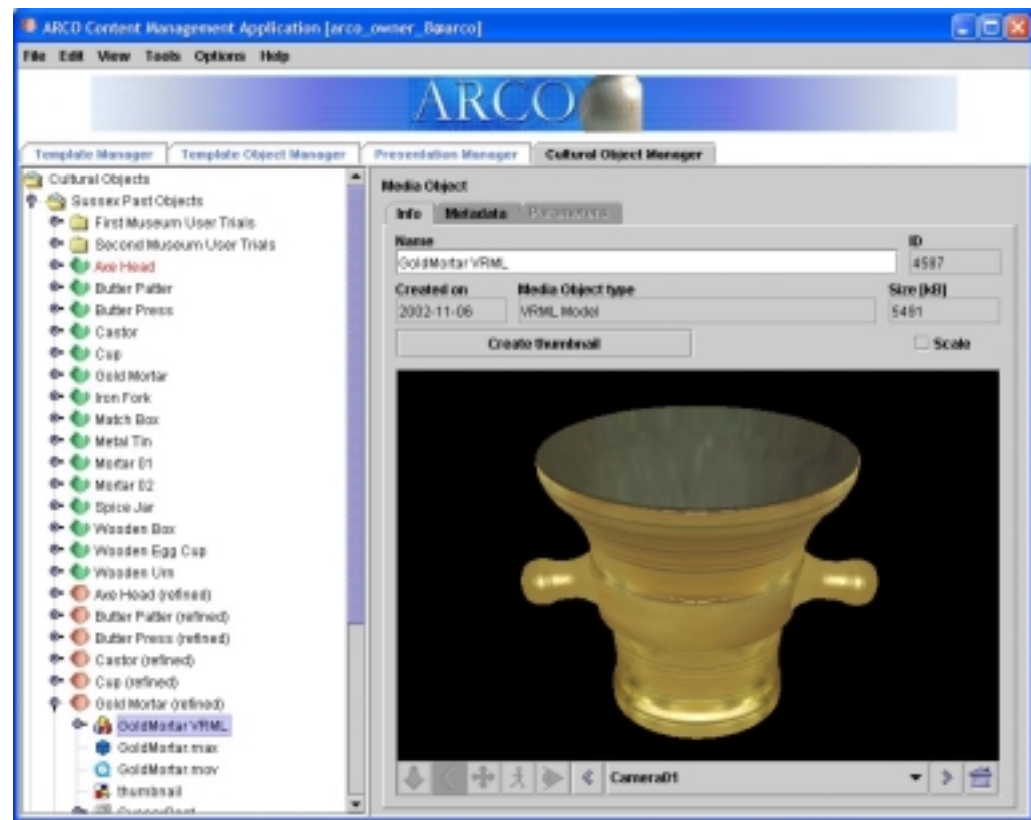
Media Objects from the **Creation** and **Manipulation**

- Sample media objects representing cultural objects in the database:
 - Images from the photogrammetry (OM)
 - VRML models exported from model refinement (IMRR)



Manage: Content Management Application

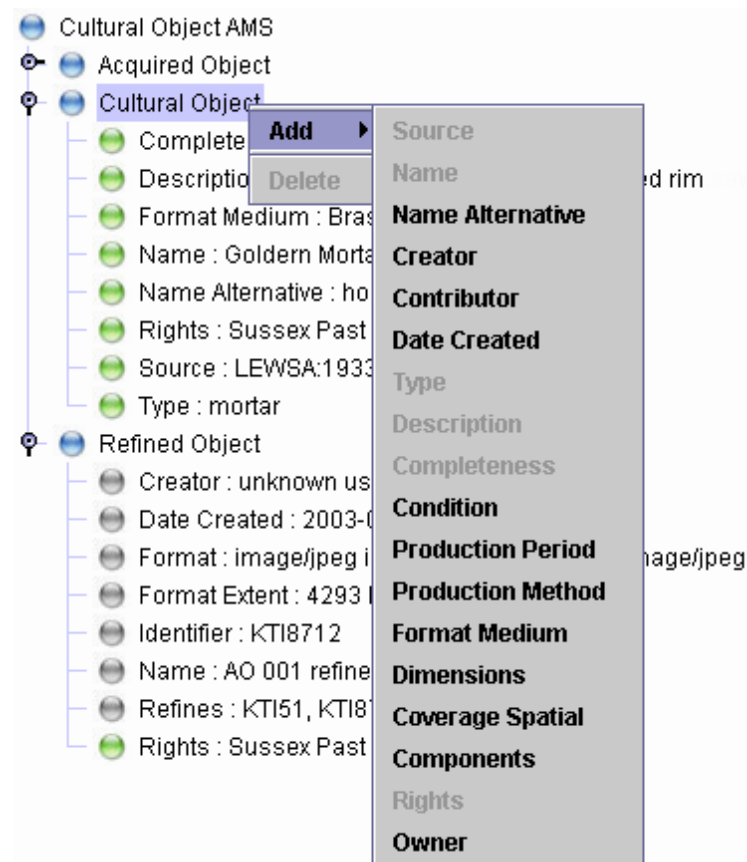
- Museums will not manage the database directly
- Specific application created for management of the ARCO database
- Provides several managers for ease data manipulation, e.g.
 - Loading and saving data
 - Creating, deleting, moving objects
 - Edit metadata
 - Manage X-VRML templates for the creation of virtual museums



Interoperability: AMS – ARCO Metadata Schema

- AMS is a metadata schema for describing the ARCO process from digitisation to visualisation:
 - Resource discovery metadata
 - Curatorial and descriptive metadata
 - Technical metadata associated with ARCO components
- AMS elements:
 - Adopted from standards (DC, AMICO, SPECTRUM, etc.)
 - ARCO specific elements
- Implemented with XML Schemas
- Interoperability

AMS Metadata Editor



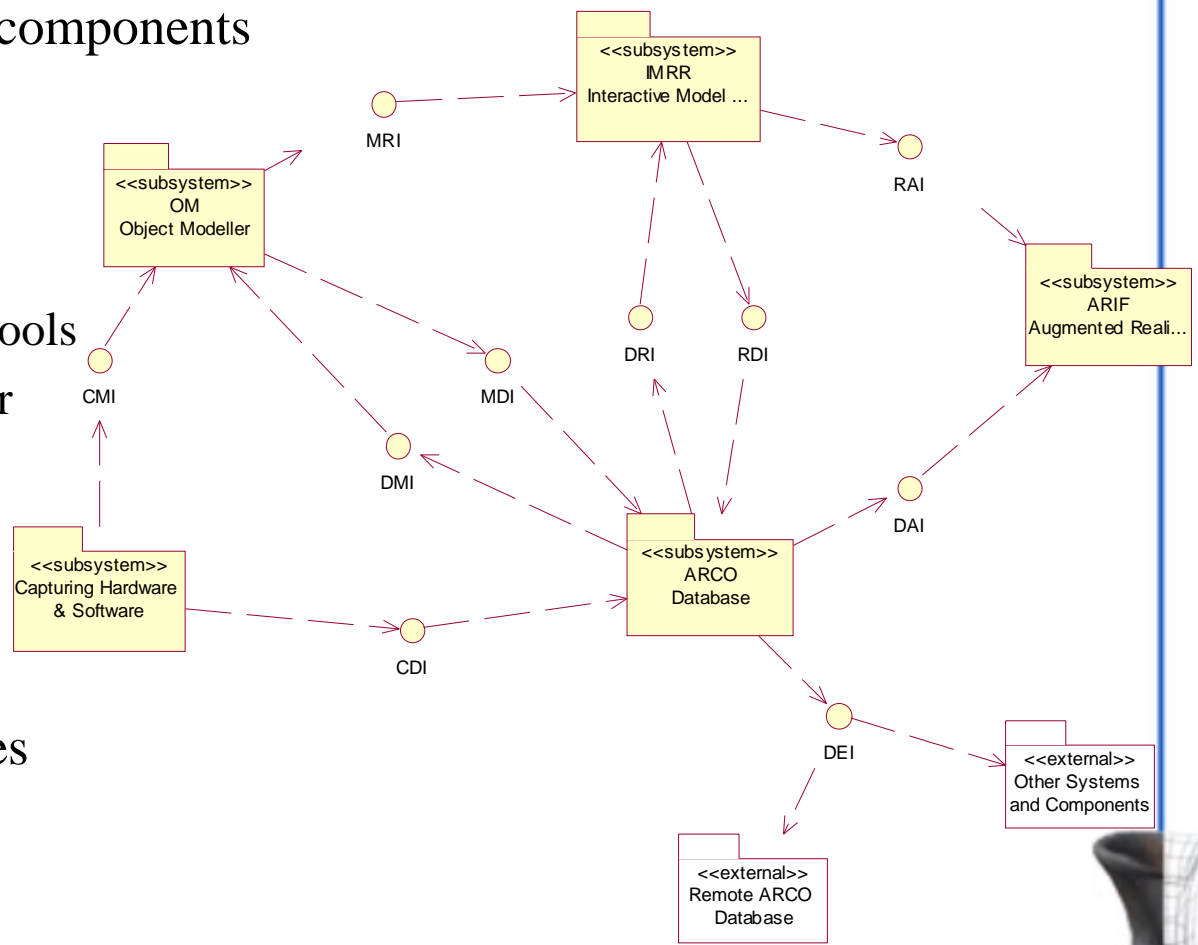
XDE – XML Data Exchange

- XML interfaces of ARCO components

- Open architecture

- Extensible set of ARCO tools
- Interoperability with other systems

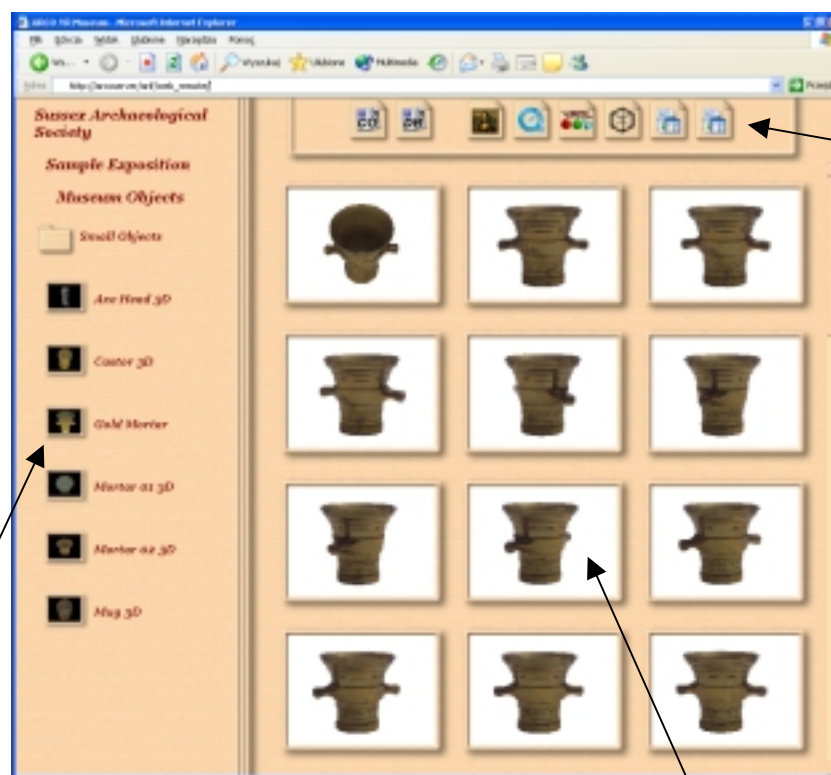
- Data exchange between distributed ARCO databases



Presentation: Augmented Reality Interface

- Visualisation on the database delivering ARCO media objects (e.g. VRML, metadata, pictures ... virtual exhibitions) to the user
- Three visualisation interfaces
 - Remote Web Interface
 - Local Web Interfaces
 - Local AR version based on ARToolKit

Remote Web Interface in a Browser



Media
Object
Selection

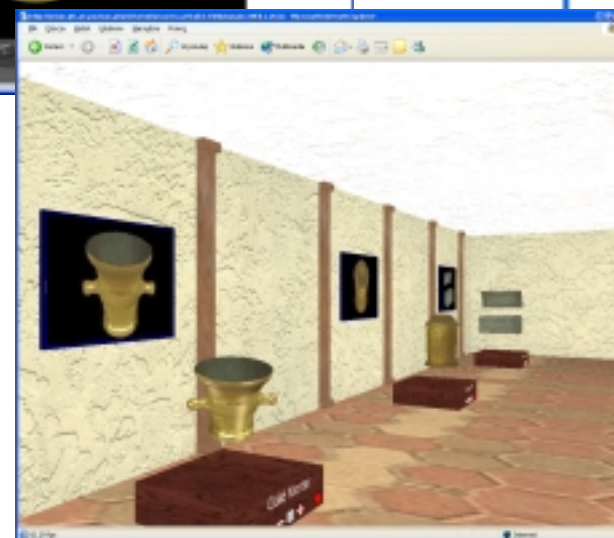
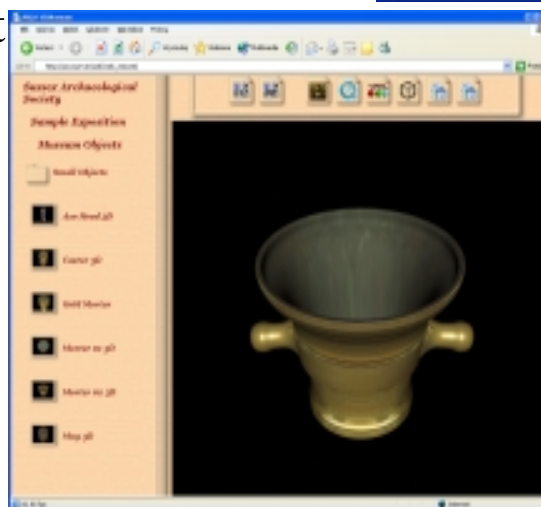
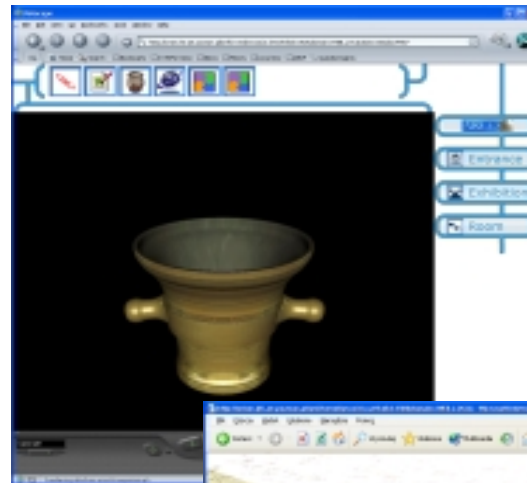
Database Navigation

Selected Media Objects



Presentation: Dynamic Modelling with X-VRML

- X-VRML – high-level XML-based language for creating dynamic VR models and parameterised presentation templates
- Dynamic creation of ARIF contents by combining data and X-VRML templates
- Same database content visualised three different ways by applying different X-VRML templates



Conclusions

- ARCO is developing an open architecture that integrates state-of-the-art with ARCO specific technologies to allow museums to build virtual exhibitions
 - Digitisation and modelling of 3D museum artefacts (OM)
 - Refinement and creation of the 3D virtual museum artefacts (IMRR)
 - Object relational database and content management application (ACMA)
 - Visualisation of museum exhibitions in a virtual environment (ARIF)
 - Integrated through XML technologies (X-VRML, AMS, XDE)
- Other information at ARCO website:
 - <http://www.arco-web.org/>

